

Implementing Knowledge Graphs at Center for Internet Security

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CIS Overview

- Community driven, non-profit
- Publishes security best practices
 - Controls: general recommendations
 - Benchmarks: vendor-specific, 25+ partners



Controls



Controls and Safeguards

CONTROL 05

Account Management

NUMBER	TITLE/DESCRIPTION	ASSET TYPE	SECURITY FUNCTION	IG1	IG2	IG3
5.1	Establish and Maintain an Inventory of Accounts <p>Establish and maintain an inventory of all accounts managed in the enterprise. The inventory must include both user and administrator accounts. The inventory, at a minimum, should contain the person's name, username, start/stop dates, and department. Validate that all active accounts are authorized, on a recurring schedule at a minimum quarterly, or more frequently.</p>	Users	Identify	●	●	●
5.2	Use Unique Passwords <p>Use unique passwords for all enterprise assets. Best practice implementation includes, at a minimum, an 8-character password for accounts using MFA and a 14-character password for accounts not using MFA.</p>	Users	Protect	●	●	●
5.3	Disable Dormant Accounts <p>Delete or disable any dormant accounts after a period of 45 days of inactivity, where supported.</p>	Users	Respond	●	●	●
5.4	Restrict Administrator Privileges to Dedicated Administrator Accounts <p>Restrict administrator privileges to dedicated administrator accounts on enterprise assets. Conduct general computing activities, such as internet browsing, email, and productivity suite use, from the user's primary, non-privileged account.</p>	Users	Protect	●	●	●
5.5	Establish and Maintain an Inventory of Service Accounts <p>Establish and maintain an inventory of service accounts. The inventory, at a minimum, must contain department</p>	Users	Identify		●	●

Benchmarks

5.2.2 Ensure Password Minimum Length Is Configured (Automated)

Profile Applicability:

- Level 1

Description:

A minimum password length is the fewest number of characters a password can contain to meet a system's requirements.

Ensure that a minimum of a 15-character password is part of the password policy on the computer.

Where the confidentiality of encrypted information in FileVault is more of a concern, requiring a longer password or passphrase may be sufficient rather than imposing additional complexity requirements that may be self-defeating.

Rationale:

Information systems that are not protected with strong password schemes including passwords of minimum length provide a greater opportunity for attackers to crack the password and gain access to the system.

Impact:

Short passwords can be easily attacked.

Audit:

Graphical Method:

Perform the following steps to ensure that the Password Account Threshold is set to greater than or equal to 15:

1. Open `System Settings`
2. Select `Privacy & Security`
3. Select `Profiles`
4. Verify that an installed profile has `Min Password Length` set to ≥ 15

Remediation:

Terminal Method:

Run the following command to set the password length to greater than or equal to 15:

```
$ /usr/bin/sudo /usr/bin/pwpolicy -n /Local/Default -setglobalpolicy "minChars=<value>15"
```

example:

```
$ /usr/bin/sudo /usr/bin/pwpolicy -n /Local/Default -setglobalpolicy "minChars=15"
```

Profile Method:

Create or edit a configuration profile with the following information:

1. The `PayloadType` string is `com.apple.mobiledevice.passwordpolicy`
2. The key to include is `minLength`
3. The key must be set to `<integer><value>15</integer>`

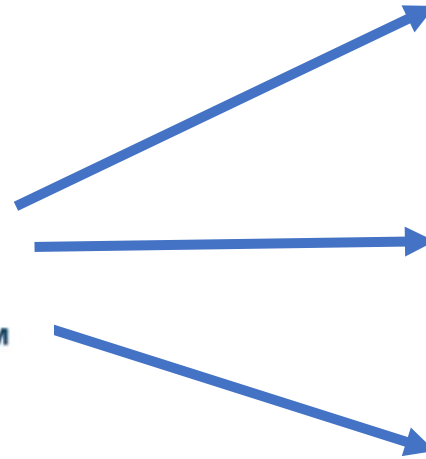
Note: The profile method is the preferred method for setting password policy since `-setglobalpolicy` in `pwpolicy` is deprecated and will likely be removed in a future macOS release.

CIS Controls:

Controls Version	Control	IG 1	IG 2	IG 3
v8	5.2 Use Unique Passwords Use unique passwords for all enterprise assets. Best practice implementation includes, at a minimum, an 8-character password for accounts using MFA and a 14-character password for accounts not using MFA.	●	●	●
v7	4.4 Use Unique Passwords Where multi-factor authentication is not supported (such as local administrator, root, or service accounts), accounts will use passwords that are unique to that system.		●	●

Mappings to External Frameworks

 **CIS Controls**
 **CIS Benchmarks™**

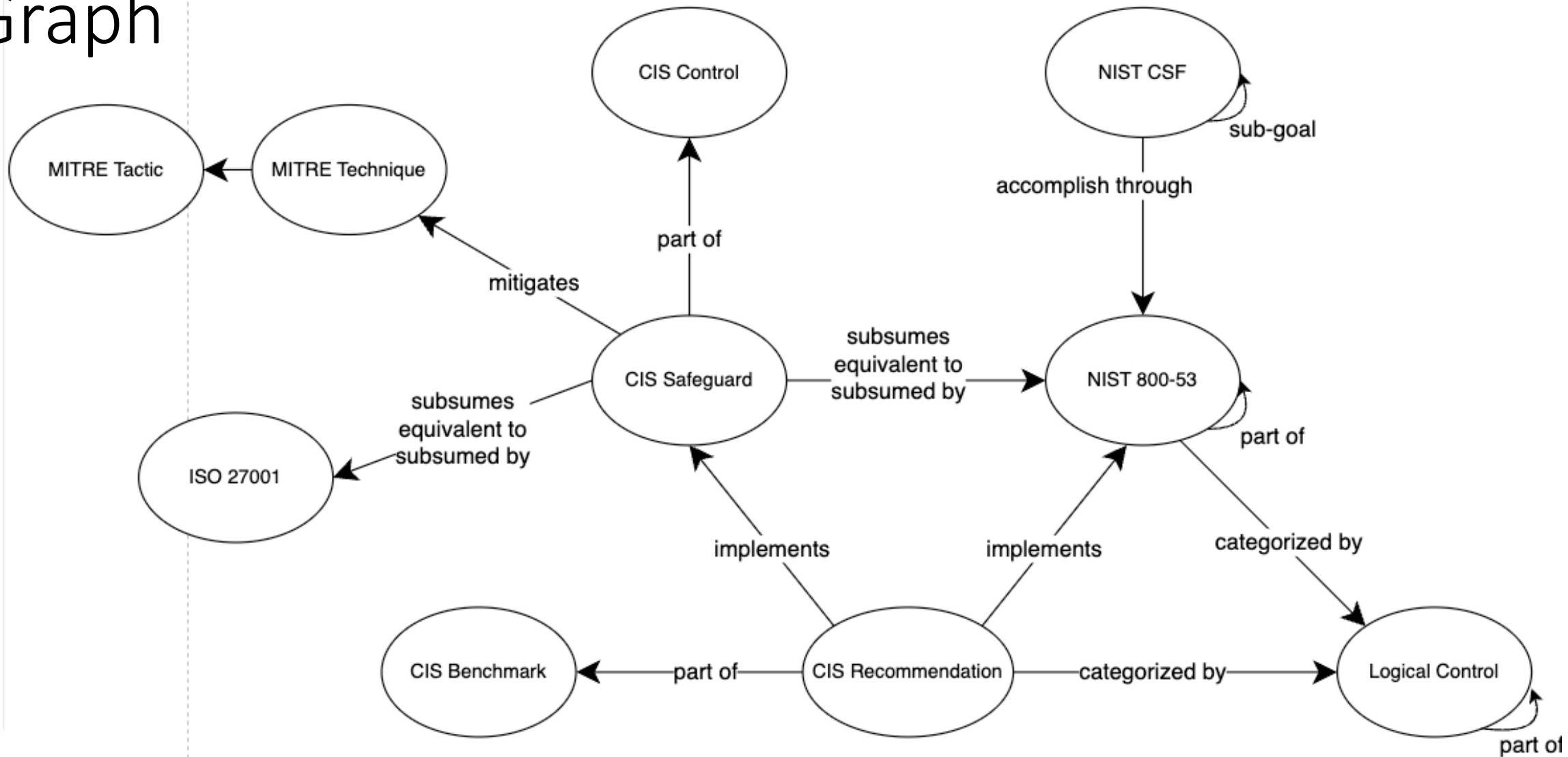


NIST
National Institute of
Standards and Technology

MITRE



Knowledge Graph



Populating the Graph

csv file



transformation script



graph representation

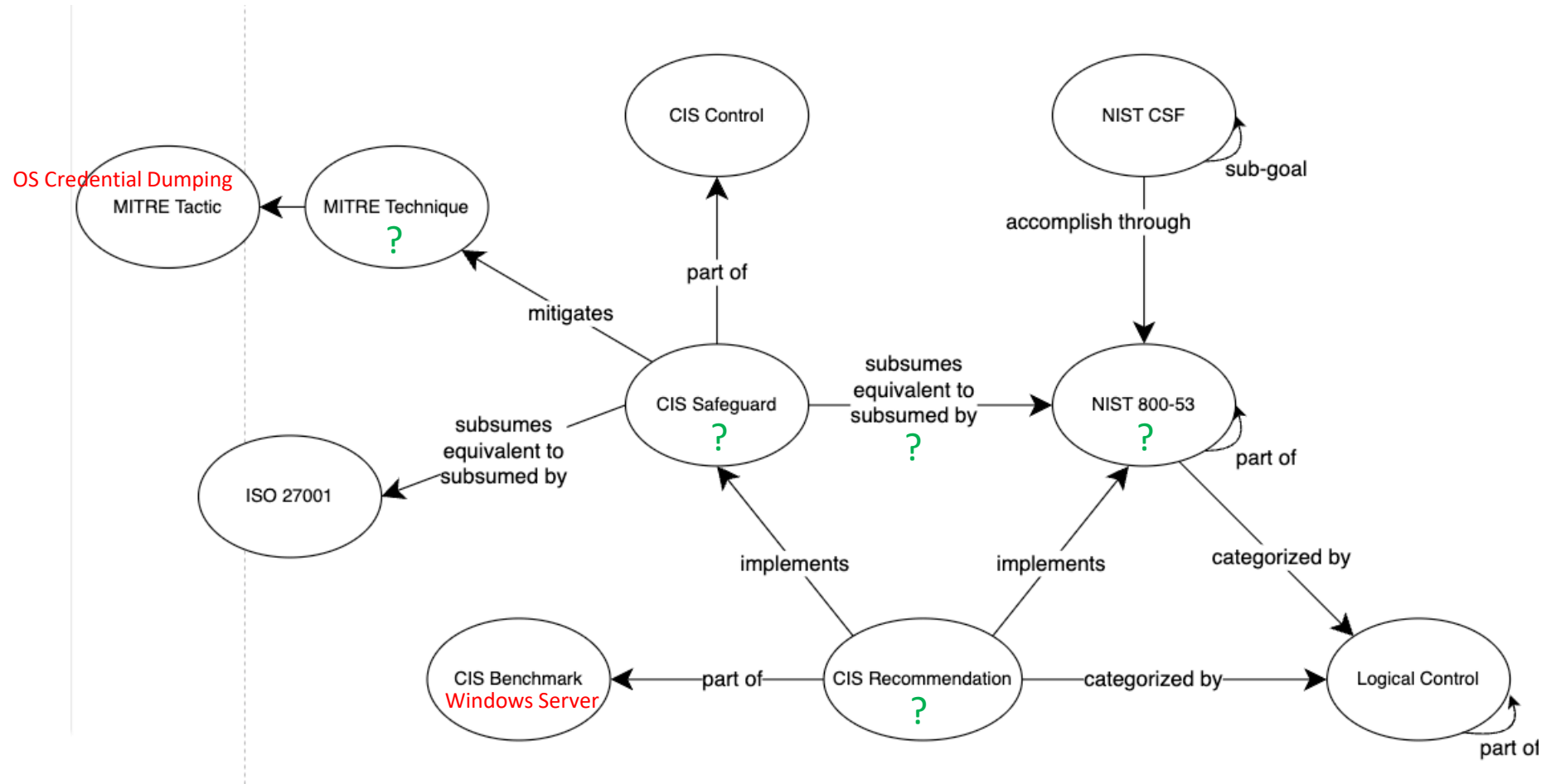
Recommendation	800-53r5
1.1.1	IA-5(1)
1.1.2	IA-5(1)
1.1.3	IA-5(1)
1.1.4	IA-5(1)
1.1.5	IA-5(1)
1.1.6	IA-5(1)
1.1.7	IA-5(1), SC-28, SC-28(1)

```
CONSTRUCT {  
  ?recommendation cis:implements ?control .  
}  
WHERE {  
  SERVICE <system-states-800-53-bins.csv> {  
    [] xyz:Recommendation ?recommendation ;  
    xyz:800-53r5 ?control ;  
  }  
}
```

```
cis:471892 cis:implements nist:IA-5.1 .  
cis:471893 cis:implements nist:IA-5.1 .  
cis:471894 cis:implements nist:IA-5.1 .  
cis:471895 cis:implements nist:IA-5.1 .  
cis:471896 cis:implements nist:IA-5.1 .  
cis:471897 cis:implements nist:IA-5.1 .  
cis:471898 cis:implements nist:IA-5.1, nist:SC-28, nist:SC-28.1 .
```


Querying the Graph

Which **Windows Server** recommendations help to mitigate **OS Credential Dumping**?



Current and future work

- Meaningful stable IDs and resolvable URIs
- Mapping UI powered by the knowledge graph
- Automating mapping process